

Security Architecture and Controls for AI Execution Lineage

darkmatterhub.ai | hello@darkmatterhub.ai | Version 1.0

Architecture Overview

DarkMatter is a hosted SaaS platform (Node.js on Railway, PostgreSQL on Supabase) with optional self-hosted deployment for customers with data residency requirements. All context payloads are transmitted over TLS 1.3 and stored encrypted at rest. Enterprise customers may supply their own AES-256-GCM encryption key (BYOK) so that DarkMatter stores only ciphertext.

Security Controls

Control	Implementation	Status
Encryption in transit	TLS 1.3 enforced on all endpoints and dashboard traffic. No unencrypted connections accepted.	Active
Encryption at rest	AES-256 via Supabase managed encryption on all stored data.	Active
BYOK encryption	Client-provided AES-256-GCM key. DarkMatter stores only ciphertext. Key is never stored on DarkMatter systems.	Enterprise
Authentication	Supabase JWT for dashboard access. Bearer token API keys for agent API. Keys are hashed at rest and never stored in plaintext.	Active
Rate limiting	Per-endpoint limits enforced: auth 20 req/15min, API 120 req/min, feedback 5 req/hr.	Active
SSRF protection	Webhook URLs validated against blocklist of private IP ranges, loopback addresses, and cloud metadata endpoints.	Active
Security headers	helmet.js applied: HSTS, X-Frame-Options, X-Content-Type-Options, referrer policy.	Active
Row-level security	Supabase RLS policies enforce tenant isolation at the database layer. Users can only access their own agents and commits.	Active
Tamper-evident chain	SHA-256 parent hash chaining. Each commit hashes its payload plus the parent integrity hash. Modification of any node breaks all downstream hashes.	Active
Input sanitization	All user input sanitized and length-limited before processing or storage. HTML injection prevented.	Active
Secret management	All secrets stored in Railway environment variables. No secrets in source code or version control.	Active

Shared Responsibility Model

Security responsibilities are divided between DarkMatter and the customer.

Responsibility	DarkMatter	Customer
Platform infrastructure and hosting security	Yes	

Encryption in transit and at rest	Yes	
Database security and backups	Yes	
Rate limiting and abuse prevention	Yes	
API key hashing and secure storage	Yes	
BYOK key custody, storage, and rotation		Customer
Agent API key rotation and revocation		Customer
Secure storage of API keys in customer systems		Customer
Content and classification of committed payloads		Customer
Agent authorization and access control logic		Customer
Network security for self-hosted deployments		Customer

Incident Response and Vulnerability Disclosure

Security issues should be reported to hello@darkmatterhub.ai. DarkMatter is working toward SOC 2 Type 2 certification.